





SOFT TISSUE INJURIES

Ouch! That hurts. A common response made by many when soft tissue injuries occur. Soft tissue injuries come in the form of back injuries, sprains or strains. Thousands of people injure their soft tissue every year that results in time away from work. The top three reasons soft tissue injuries occur are: lifting, repetitive motion and pulling/pushing.

Factors contributed to soft tissue Injuries:

Worker Factors

- Age
- Body composition
- Physical fitness
- Health
- Training

Job Factors

- Repetitive motion
- Carrying
- Duration of task
- Vibrating tools
- Twisting
- Awkward/static positions

Environmental Factors

- Work climate
- Time of day
- Temperature
- Workstations

A worksite analysis can identify jobs and workstations which may contain musculoskeletal/sprain/strain hazards such as:

- Heavy items stored in high places
- Workstations not ergonomically correct
- Jobs that require twisting, pushing, and pulling
- · Jobs that require static or awkward postures

Things You Can Do

- Eat healthy
- Get a good night's sleep
- Regular physician checkups
- Warm-up before working
- Good posture
- Exercise regularly

Analyze - Think about the risks you are exposed to on a particular job.

<u>Minimize</u> - Minimize identified risks by finding ways to reduce repetitive motion, excessive force or static positioning.

<u>Neutralize</u> - Neutralize awkward positions that cause strain and tension, keep shoulders and back relaxed, neck straight, arms and elbows close to your body.





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